

The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal—Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art. Amusement, Advertising, &c. &c.

At \$1.75 per annum, strictly in advance.
\$2.00, if not; \$2.50, if payment is delayed.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements \$1.00 per square for 3 weeks.
for each copy.

VOL. LX.

GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1860.

No. 47

A Valuable Farm at Public Sale.

THE GARDEN OF ADAMS COUNTY.—The subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of October, at 12 o'clock, M., on the premises, his valuable 22.22 ACRE, situated in Cumberland township, Adams county, on the Public Road leading from Gettysburg to Bendersville, about two miles from the former place. This tract contains 113 Acres, more or less. The improvements consist of a two-story Log Dwelling House, a Log Barn with Sheds attached, Corncrib, and other Outbuildings. There are about 13 Acres of excellent timber-land, from 25 to 30 of Meadow bottom, producing heavy crops of hay—the balance in a good state of cultivation. This farm is supplied with water from two of the best Springs in the County, the one at the dwelling with a mill-house, the other convenient to the barn, from which a constant stream passes through the barnyard. No trouble to water stock. There is also an Orchard of over 200 grafted Apple trees, which have been planted 10 years and are just coming into bearing order. Also Cherry, Peach and Plum trees on the premises. To a person wishing to run a farming business this is a rare chance. There is not a more convenient and desirable farm in the County, it is a good neighborhood, convenient to market, within 3 miles of Gettysburg, to which place the Railroad is recently been completed and where fine corn can now be had cheap for keeping up the land. Persons wishing to view the property and ascertain terms will please call upon the subscriber residing on the farm. Aug. 6. DAVID HEAGY.

Public Sale of a Valuable Farm.

In pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 5th day of October next, the following described Real Estate of the late MAXWELL STELLER, dec'd, deceased, viz: THE MASSION FARM, situated in Liberty township, Adams county, containing 27.5 Acres, more or less, adjoining land of the heirs of Wm. James Melvin, deceased, heirs of Wm. Flour, deceased, John Xunemacher, and others. The farm is a large body of choice timber, and a fair proportion of good Meadow. The land is in a high state of cultivation, under good fencing, and is one of the most desirable properties in the county. The attention of buyers is especially invited, as the property must be sold. The farm will be sold entire or in parcels, as my best suit purchasers. A portion of the timber embracing about 70 acres will be sold separately—either entire or in lots to suit buyers. Persons desiring to view the property will call on either of the Administrators, residing near Fairfield, or on John Xunemacher, residing near the farm. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by JAMES H. MARSHALL, Adm'r. By the Court—O. WOLF, Clerk. Sept. 5. ts

Valuable Chestnut Timber-Land

FOR SALE IN LOTS—Will be sold at Public Sale, on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 5th day of October next, ONE HUNDRED ACRES OF CHESTNUT TIMBER-LAND, the property of JAMES & NANCY BORN, in Lots of from 10 to 12 Acres, situated in Mendall township, adjoining lands of Andrew Bittner, or Charles Stewart, and others, and one mile from Cole's (formerly Fehly's) Saw-Mill.—There is a good road to every lot. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given, and terms made known by JACOB SANDOE, Agent. Sept. 12. ts

Private Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale the Property on which he now resides, consisting of the HOUSE and OUT-BUILDINGS, situated about 27 Acres of Land. The land is in a high state of cultivation, having on it running water, and about 300 fruit-bearing trees. Much of the land lies within the limits of the Borough, furnishing additional sites for Building Lots. The property will be sold either as a whole, or in parts to suit purchasers. For additional information and terms apply, on the premises, to the subscriber. H. L. BAUGHER. June 11. 2m

COOMBE COTTAGE.

Fairfax Court-house, Va. THIS property is for sale. It is well adapted for a School or Boarding-house—having everything complete—Out-houses, Gardens, Orchards and Grounds, all in excellent order. The house is in good repair, containing about Twenty Rooms. From its favorable location, Mrs. BAKER'S Ladies' Seminary has enjoyed for many years a high reputation, numbering at times 80 boarders. Terms liberal, on good security. Address, post paid, FREDERICK BAKER, M. D., Fairfax C. H., Va. May 14.

Lumber and Coal.

ONE AND A HALF CORDS of Lumber, constantly on hand, which we are selling at small profits for CASH. All Coal, &c., must be cash on delivery. SHEARDS & BUEHLER. Jan. 20.

TYSON'S PICTURES.

CALL AT A. SCOTT & SON'S and see the Taylor, Scott, Smith, and J. A. Taylor, Attention, FRUIT CASES and JARS, which are the most reliable and convenient vessels for preserving Fruits and Vegetables of all kinds, which can be proven by the most reliable testimony. July 9.

NAILED.

A big lot of Avalon Nails, all sizes, and the best quality manufactured very low for Cash, at DANNER & ZEIGLER, Jr. Jan. 20.

QUEENSWARE.

The largest assortment of Queensware ever received in Gettysburg, has just been opened. All in want of anything in that line will save money by calling first at FANNESTOCK'S.

Professional Cards.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, OFFICE at his residence on Baltimore street, opposite the New Court-House.

WM. B. McCLELLAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, OFFICE on West Middle street, adjoining the new Court-house.

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, WILL promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to him, and Office between Fannestock's and Danner and Zeigler's Stores, Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa. (Sept. 5.)

D. McCONAGHY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office removed to one door west of Buehler's (Dinner & Book Store, Chambersburg street, Oct.)

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR For Patents and Patents, Bounty Land Warrants, Black-Pity Suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D.C. Also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Lands for sale in Iowa, Illinois, and other Western States, and Agents engaged locating Warrants there. Apply to him personally or by letter. Gettysburg, Nov. 7.

J. C. NEELY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, OFFICE in the S. E. corner of the Diamond, (formerly occupied by Wm. B. McClellan, Esq.) Gettysburg, Pa. March 25.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D. OFFICE in the S. E. corner of the Diamond, (formerly occupied by Wm. B. McClellan, Esq.) Gettysburg, Pa. March 25.

DR. A. W. DORSEY, PHYSICIAN of Carroll county, Md., having permanently located in Gettysburg, offers his professional services to the citizens of the town and surrounding country in the practice of the various branches of his profession. Office and residence, Baltimore street, next door to the Compiler office, where he may be found at all times when not professionally engaged.

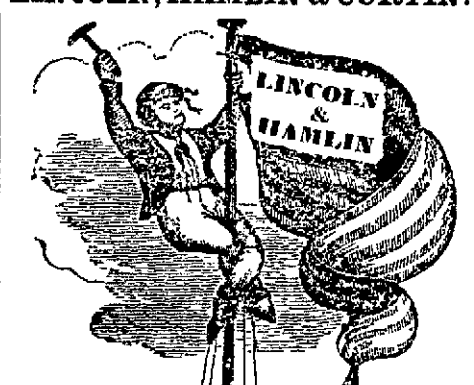
REFERENCES. Prof. Nathan R. Smith, Baltimore, Md. Dr. Augustus Webster, D. D., Baltimore, Md. Dr. W. L. Garrison, Westminister, Md. Jacob Rice, Esq., Westminister, Md. John K. Leary, Esq., Westminister, Md. Geo. H. Campbell, Esq., Westminister, Md. Oct. 25. Cm

A New Feature In the business of the Lecturer. *Sky-1-light* Gallery. DURING our late visit to the Cities of Philadelphia and Baltimore we selected a splendid assortment of Stereoscopic Pictures, comprising English, French, Venetian, Egyptian, Indian, and American Scenery. Stereoscopic Groups, etc., our prices for pictures will range from 12 to 40 cts. apiece. We also have a fine lot of Stereoscopic Boxes, which we offer at reduced prices. The Public generally are invited to call and see our large revolving Box, containing 50 pictures, and we invite to all 100 of the fine *sky-light* gallery. We are also prepared to make Stereoscopic pictures either Portraits or views, at reasonable rates. TYSON & BRO. PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS. April 16. Gettysburg, Pa.

SUNBEAM GALLERY. THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally, that he has provided himself with an entire new and splendid SKY LIGHT AMBROTYPE ROOM, at his residence in West Middle street, one Square west of Fannestock's Store, where he is prepared to furnish AMBRO, MELAINO, ENAMEL, AND PHOTOGRAPHIC PICTURES, in every style of the art, which he will warrant to give entire satisfaction, and is prepared to accommodate all with GOOD PICTURES, either single or in groups. He also has a number of specimens at his room in Chambersburg Street, a few doors West of Brinnigan & Culp's large Shoe Store, where he still continues as formerly to take pictures. All who desire a correct likeness of themselves and friends, will do well to give us a call, as we have reduced our prices to suit the present "Hard Times." Pictures copied from old specimens of all kinds; also, inserted in Lockets, Breast-Pins, Finger-Rings, &c. The subscriber being thankful to his friends and the public in general for past patronage, wishes them to continue it, and assures them, that as heretofore they shall not be dissatisfied. Charges from 50 cts. to \$10. If desired for operating from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gold Lockets and Breast-pins, suitable for miniatures, always on hand, at very low prices. Children will not be taken or less than \$1.00. AMBROTYPES taken from one dollar and upwards, and in the best style. May 3. SAMUEL WEAVER.

A. SCOTT & SON. Dealers in Dry Goods, Fancy Articles, Queensware, Groceries, &c., opposite "Eagle Hotel," Chambersburg street.

LINCOLN, HAMLIN & CURTIN!



To Work, Freemen!

PUBLIC MEETINGS of all who are opposed to the extrajudicial and corrupt use of the present National Administration, and desire to restore the Government to the purity and principles of the Founders of the Republic—who are in favor of adequate Protection to the Languishing Industrial Interests of the country—who are opposed to extending the blighting curse of Slavery to the Free Territories of the Union and desire to preserve these Territories as homes for White Freemen—who are in favor of Economy & Reform in National State and County Affairs—will be held at the following places, viz: LANSING'S Tavern, (Franklin) Wednesday Evening, Oct. 3. MORRIS' Tavern, (Freedom) Thursday Evening, Oct. 4. LANSING'S Tavern, Saturday Afternoon, Oct. 6. FURBUSH'S Tavern, Saturday Evening, Oct. 6. GILBERT'S, Monday. MESSING'S Tavern, (Franklin) Monday Evening, Oct. 8.

The above meetings will be addressed by Hon. EDWARD McPHERSON, D. McConaghy, D. A. Buehler, A. J. Cover, Wm. B. McClellan, D. Wills, R. G. McCreary, Esquires, and other Speakers. GILBERT'S Tavern, of Carlisle, will also speak at Hendersville, on the evening of September 20th.

Arrangements are being made to secure the services of the PROVER'S Brass Band at the above meetings.

Persons of all Parties, who desire to hear the issues involved in the present political struggle fully and fairly discussed, are cordially invited to attend.

By Order of the County Committee, D. A. BUEHLER, CH.

D. McCONAGHY, Sec'y. Sept. 19.

New Confectionery & Ice Cream SALOON.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he has just opened a new Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, to which he would invite their attention.

Cakes, Candies and every description of Confectionery—Fruit Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of Fruit—always on hand.

Summer Drinks—such as Mends, Pop Mineral Water, and anything else intended to please the palate and refresh the system during the hot summer months.

Parties, public and private, as well as families, will be furnished with all kinds of Cake, Ice Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise) to serve on refreshments, at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life time at the business he flatters himself that he fully understands it, and that he is able to render entire satisfaction. Call and see the new Confectionery. My 14. JOHN GRUELL.

Removal.

NEW SALOON.—Geo. F. BERTKRODE has removed his Oyster Establishment to the splendid new Saloon in Jacobs & Bro's. Building on the north side of Chambersburg street, where he will at all times be prepared to serve up the best of OYSTERS, in every style. By keeping a good stock, he expects to receive a liberal share of public patronage. TURKISH SOUP, CHICKEN, BEEF, TONGUE, PIG'S FEET, TRIPE, BOILED and FRIED EGGS, ICE CREAM, BIRDS, &c. in their season. A nice glass of ALE or LAGER BEER always on hand. Come and try me. O. F. BERTKRODE. April 9.

Gettysburg Foundry.

THE subscriber, having purchased the Foundry of Messrs. Smith & Smith, (formerly Warrick's Foundry), has commenced business, and is now prepared to offer to the public a large assortment of Machinery, such as THRESHING MACHINES, Corn Mills, Fodder-cutters, Corn Shellers, and Morgan's Life-improved Horse-Rake. Also, STOVES such as Cook Stoves, three different kinds; and five different sizes of Tinplate Stoves, Lakewick Mill and Saw mill Castings, and all kinds of Turning in Lion or Wood.

REPAIRING of all kinds of Machinery and Castings will be done to order on short notice. Patterns made to order—Plough Castings ready made; PLOUGHS, such as Faylor, Withrow, Plowher, Woodcock, and many others not mentioned here; and eight different kinds of IRON PONDING, for Cornmills, Patches or Yards.

Also, Mowing Machines, one of the best now in use. This Machine works with a lever by hand; any little boy can manage it. Call and examine our stock; no doubt but what we can please. Persons ought to see it, their advantage to buy machinery of any kind at home, where it is manufactured, so that they can very easily get any part replaced or repaired. DAVID STERNER. Gettysburg, Feb. 27. ly

The Mutual Life Insurance COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

Over Six Millions of Dollars, invested in first Mortgages on Real Estate, worth over \$13,000,000.

The premiums are LOWER than in many other companies, and the Dividends have been ever increasing.

This is a strictly MUTUAL Company. There are no Stockholders, so that ALL THE PROFITS belong to the insured.

For operating from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gold Lockets and Breast-pins, suitable for miniatures, always on hand, at very low prices. Children will not be taken or less than \$1.00. AMBROTYPES taken from one dollar and upwards, and in the best style. May 3. SAMUEL WEAVER.

A. SCOTT & SON. Dealers in Dry Goods, Fancy Articles, Queensware, Groceries, &c., opposite "Eagle Hotel," Chambersburg street.

T. H. RITCHIE, Agent. Philadelphia.

June 11.

Choice Poetry.

LOVE.

"It is a fearful thing To love as I love thee to feel the world— The bright, the beautiful, joy-giving world— A blank without thee. Never more to me Can hope, joy, fear, wear different seeming. Now, I have no hope that does not dream of thee; I have no joy that is not shared by thee. I have no fear that does not dread for thee; All that I once took pleasure in—my fate, Is only sweet when it repeats thy name; My flowers, I only gather them for thee. The book drops listless down, I cannot read, Where it is in thee, my lonely hours Are spent in shaping forth our future lives. After my own romantic fancies. You are the star round which my thoughts revolve Like satellites."—Mrs. FAYEN.

AFFECTION.

There is in life no blessing like affection: It soothes, it hallows, elevates, sublimates, And breaths down to earth its native heaving; It is the bosom of the radiant hours, Whose sole contentment is its watch and love. It bends the over the death-bed, and consoles Its own despair with words of faith and hope. Let him be taught that may supply its place: Void is ambition, cold is vaunt, And wealth no amply glaze without love.

HOME.

"When thy heart, in the pride, would stray From the pure first home of the youth away— When the sullen breath of the world would come O'er the downy nest brought from its childhood's home, Think of the tree at thy father's door, And the kindly spot shall have power once more."—Miss FAYEN.

Miscellaneous.

Happy Nancy—The True Secret.

These once lived in the old brown cottage, so small that it looked like a chicken coop, a solitary old woman. She tended a little garden, and knit and spun for a living. She was known every where, from village to village, by the cognomen of "Happy Nancy." She had no money, no family, no relations; she was half blind, quite lame, and very crooked. There was no comeliness in her; and yet there, in that homely, deformed body, the great God, who loves to bring strength out of weakness, had set His royal seal.

"Well, Nancy, singing again?" would the chance visitor say, as he lounged about the door.

"I'll say, I'm forever at it. I don't know what people will think," she would say, with a sunny smile.

"Why, they'll think as they always do, that you are very happy."

"I'll tell you, that's a fact. I'm just as happy as the day is long."

"I wish you'd tell me your secret, Nancy; you are all alone, you work hard, you have nothing very pleasant around you—what is the reason you are so happy?"

"Perhaps it's because I haven't got any body but God," replied the good creature, looking up. "You see rich folks like you depend upon their families and their houses; they've got to keep thinking of their business, of their wives and children, and then they're always mighty afraid of troubles ahead. I hain't got anything to trouble myself, you see, 'cause I leave it all to the Lord. I think, well, if he can keep this great world in such good order, the sun rolling day after day, and the stars shining night after night, make the garden things come up the same season after season, I can satisfy take care of such a poor simple thing as I am, and so, you see, I leave it all to the Lord, and the Lord takes care of me."

"Well, but Nancy, suppose a frost should come after your fruit trees are in blossom, and your little plants put—"

"But I don't suppose; I never can suppose, I don't want to suppose, except that the Lord will do everything right. That's what makes you people so unhappy; you're all the time supposing. Now, why don't you wait till the suppose comes, as I do, and then make the best of it?"

"Ah, Nancy, it's pretty certain that you'll get to heaven, while many of us with our worldly wisdom will have to stay out."

"There you are at it again," said Nancy, shaking her head, "always looking out for a black cloud. Why, if I was you, I'd keep the devil at arm's length, instead of taking him right into my heart; he'll do you a desperate sight of mischief."

She was right. We do take the demons of care, of distrust, of melancholy foreboding, of ingratitudes, right into our hearts, and pet and cherish the ugly monster, till we assimilate to their likeness. We canker every pleasure with the gloomy fear of ill; we seldom trust that pleasures will enter, or hail them when they come. Instead of that, we smother them under the blanket of apprehension, and choke them with our misanthropy.

It would be better for us to imitate Happy Nancy, and "never suppose." If you see a cloud don't suppose it's going to rain; if you see a flower, don't suppose a scolding will follow. Do what your hands find to do, and there leave it. Be more childlike toward the great Father who created you; and above all, "wait till the suppose" comes, and then make the best of it. Depend upon it, earth would seem an Eden, if you would give no place in your bosom to imaginary evils.

PEACE.—Peace is better than joy. Joy is an uneasy guest, and always on tip-toe to depart. It tires and weans us out, and yet keeps us ever fearing that the next moment it will be gone. Peace is not so—it comes more quietly, it stays more contentedly, and it never exhausts our strength, nor gives us any anxious foreboding thought. Therefore, let us pray for peace.

Going to Church.

"Mother, I don't want to go to church." The speaker, a little bright-eyed boy, looked up into his mother's face with evident doubt as to the propriety of saying what he had said. His mother, who had often heard the same remonstrance, sat down, and drew him to her knee, saying, "Charley, father and I tell you that it is the best for you—Don't you think we know best?" Charley made a petulant reply, although obliged to go, yet went in a very unfavorable mood.

Years passed away. Charley had lived to be a man, and had long gladdened his mother's heart by living the life of a Christian. Children growing up around him were taught to tread the path in which he had been led before. One Sabbath, a friend spending the day with him, asked, "Why do you endeavor to get all your children to church, whether they wish to go or not?" You know that many do not approve of such a course.

Tuning to his friend, he replied, "Because I owe it to my mother that I was saved from infidelity by the respect for the Christian religion instilled into my heart when she sent me constantly to church."

The following story of the coal oil excitement in Allegheny county, Penn., is as like to nature as if true, as it probably is, for that matter:

"In a neighborhood on the creek lived and labored a son of Vulcan, who, with his limited means, had barely enough to secure a small piece of land and to obtain scanty living for his rising family. The ideas of his children had been taught to shoot but little in any direction towards knowledge or refinement, and he little expected to be anything more than the village blacksmith. But when the oil fever broke out, learning of the success of his neighbors in finding oil, he thought that he might while away his spare hours in drilling a hole upon his own homestead lot; and, having tools convenient, he went to work, and after a few weeks of patient industry, was successful in obtaining a good show of oil. It was soon noticed about the village, and the blacksmith was somebody at once. He had a daughter, also, who had blossomed into maidenhood almost unnoticed and unknown, but now became more an object of interest to the few young men in that small community. It became a question how to break the ice of former indifference, and to secure a favorable acquaintance with the heiress of the oil well. For a while the natural untidiness of the boys kept them aloof; but at last one of the boldest and best favored among them determined to try his luck, and on a Sunday evening, attired in his best, resolutely marched forward and offered to escort the damsel home. Imagine his chagrin when she, turning upon him a look of lofty independence that would have done honor to a Broadway belle, replied in language more severe than chaste: 'Nonsense! you can't come that! Dad has struck it!'

Col. Smart, the lately defeated Democratic candidate for Governor of Maine, in a recent journey, took his seat by the driver on a stage box. The driver's talk indicated that he did not know he was carrying the Democratic candidate. In order to open his eyes and let him know that he carried "Cesar and his fortunes," the Colonel looked at the driver full in the face, and said, "Sir, do you know who you are riding with?" The driver confessed his ignorance. Said the Colonel, "You are riding with the next Governor of Maine!" The driver dropped his whip, grasped the Colonel's hand, and gave it a real Republican grip, exclaiming, "How do you do? How do you do, Mr. Washburn?"

A Cornish Clergyman, having a dispute concerning mining rights in different mines, found it necessary to send for a London limb of the law, to have some conversation with the witnesses, to examine into the title deeds, view the premises, &c. On one occasion, as the professional gentleman was descending the shaft by means of a rope which he held in his hand, he called out to the person, who stood at the top:—"Doctor, as you have not confined your studies to geography, and know all things from the surface to the centre—pray, how far is it from this place to the infernal regions?"—"I cannot exactly ascertain the distance," replied the divine; "but let me go your hold, and you'll be there in a minute."

A Lady, when the conversation turned on dynamics, asked the late George Stephenson, the celebrated engineer, "What do you consider the most powerful force in nature?"—"I will soon answer that question," said he; "it is the eye of a woman, (to the man who loves her); for if a woman looks with affection on a man, should he go to the uttermost ends of the earth, the recollection of that look will bring him back."

HONEST AT ALL EVENTS.—"Mr. A., I understand you said I sold you a barrel of cider that had water in it?" "No, no," was the reply; "I only said you sold me a barrel of water with a little cider in it."

We have heard of asking for bread and receiving a stone; but a gentleman may be considered as still worse treated when he asks for a lady's hand and receives her father's foot!

A QUESTION.—At best, life is not very long. A few more tears, some pleasure, much pain, sunshine and songs, cloud and darkness, hasty greetings, and abrupt farewells—then our little play will close, and injurer and injured will pass away. Is it worth while to hate each other?

Letter from Hon. George Chambers.

The following is a copy of the letter from the Hon. GEO. CHAMBERS, read at the Republican meeting in Franklin Hall, on Monday evening last:

CHAMBERSBURG, Sept. 10th, 1860. GENTLEMEN:—Your note of this day has been received, informing me of the general desire of the friends of Lincoln and Hamlin that I should preside at a political meeting this evening at Franklin Hall. I have for years abstained from attending political meetings, as is well known in this community, and I ask respectfully to be excused on this occasion.

I am not indifferent as to the approaching Presidential election, or to the important political questions involved, and the Government Reform required. I remain a Whig, never connected with any other party organization, and have looked with interest and consideration to the qualifications of the nominees for the high offices of President and Vice President now before the American people.

I have a high regard for the ability, integrity and experience as statesmen of Messrs. Bell and Everett, of which I am well assured by long personal acquaintance, and in whose hands the government would be safe, and administered with ability and fidelity to the nation. Yet from the very limited support their nomination has received, success in their election by the popular vote, against the popular will manifested for other candidates, is impossible.

Under such circumstances, for a Whig in Pennsylvania to support a ticket for Messrs. Bell and Everett, in my opinion, is to aid one or other wing of the Democratic party in the election of Messrs. Douglas or Breckinridge. This I am unwilling to do. Under the misrule of the Democratic party the National Government has of late years been much lowered in reputation. Its expenditures have been increased to an amount of extravagance and profligacy unprecedented in time of peace, its power and patronage prostituted to foster sectional issues, to keep up agitation on the Slavery question, which may safely be left to climate and the Constitution, and the exercise of the legitimate and constituted authorities of the government when necessarily required for the protection of State or individual rights.

To him lack the National Government to its ancient purity—to reasonable and honest expenditures—to the protection of American Labor and Capital—to the exercise of its power and patronage for natural interests under the provisions of the Constitution and Laws, I am decided to support Messrs. Lincoln and Hamlin for the high offices of President and Vice President.

They are worthy, I think, of public confidence, for ability, integrity, conservative principles, regard for the Constitution and all its provisions, in every part of the Union. Very respectfully yours, GEORGE CHAMBERS.

To Messrs. A. K. McClure, Wm. McLellan, Wm. H. McDowell, and others, Committee.

More Accession.

Alderman Wm. J. BRISLEY, of New York City, has recently come out for Lincoln and Hamlin. Mr. Brisley has always heretofore been a Democrat, and was one of the leading men of the party in New York. The late election of Fernando Wood to the Mayoralty was considered more due to Alderman Brisley than to any other man. A large number of less distinguished voters are said to have come over, with the influential Alderman, to the party of Lincoln & Hamlin. Such accessions are continually being made to our strength.

Destructive Fires in the Old World.

On the 27th of August, at Gotha, the castle of Friedenstein was discovered to be in flames, and had to be battered down with cannon. The castle contained a church, with a vaulted burial place for royal persons, a theatre, halls of session for the holding of councils, a museum, with a library of 200,000 volumes, a cabinet of coins, a collection of pictures and prints, a cabinet of art, a collection of objects in natural history, a Chinese collection, and another of casts from antique statues.

A supplement to the Imperialist, of Smyrna, of August 29, publishes an account of a terrible conflagration which had taken place in that city. No less than 700 houses have fallen a prey to the flames.

THE SPREAD OF REVOLUTION.—

The intelligence of the fall of the Bourbon dynasty in the Two Sicilies is accompanied by rumors of scarcely less importance. An insurrection had broken out in Pesaro, in the Roman territory, and the people had defeated the Papal troops. The advance guard of the Piedmontese army had entered the Marches to preserve order. In Venetia, too, a formidable Garibaldian conspiracy had been discovered. Austria is making immense defensive preparations in her Italian territory.

A NEW CLASS OF LIVE STOCK AT AGRICULTURAL FARMS.—

It is stated that a man in Williamstown, Mass., has a large lot of buffaloes all fattened for a foreign market. Some of them have been highly fed for several years, and are of enormous size, weighing about 40 pounds! Although no premium is offered on this stock, he intends to exhibit them at the Hoosac Valley fair.

HEAVY LOSS BY FIRE.—

By the burning of the Rosin Oil Factory at New Orleans on the 11th inst., 150,000 gallons of oil, 2,500 barrels of rosin, 1,200 barrels of pitch, and about \$50,000 worth of coal were consumed—total loss \$150,000, and no insurance.

Violent Storm in New Jersey.—

A heavy rain storm at Newark, N. J., on Thursday, flooded the City, and basements, and driving thousands of people from their breakfast table. The destruction of furniture, provisions and other property is estimated at \$20,000. Several places were struck by lightning.

A Young Lady in Town is so reduced

in her language, that she never uses the word "blackguard," but substitutes African sentinel.

The Ladies never looked plumper

than they do this season, and yet every one of the dear creatures is reduced to a skeleton.

Mr. Lincoln's Eulogy on Henry Clay.

While a few of the pretended followers of Henry Clay are leaguely with his long traducers to perpetuate the degraded rule of the Democratic party, it is refreshing to read the touching tribute of ABRAHAM LINCOLN to the "Gallant Harry of the West," paid on the occasion of the death of the latter. We give an extract:

"On the 4th day of July, 1776, the people of a few feeble and oppressed colonies of Great Britain, inhabiting a portion of the Atlantic coast of North America, publicly declared their National Independence, and made their appeal to the justice of their cause, and to the God of battles, for the maintenance of that declaration. That people were few in numbers, and without resources, save only their wise heads and stout hearts. Within the first year of that declared independence, and while its maintenance was yet problematic—while the bloody struggle between those resolute rebels and their haughty would-be-masters was still raging—of undistinguished parents; and in an obscure district of one of those colonies, Henry Clay was born. The infant nation, for three quarters of a century they have traveled hand in hand. They have been companions ever. The nation has passed its peril, and is free, prosperous, and powerful. The child has reached his manhood; his middle age, and is dead. In all that concerned the nation the man ever sympathized

Terrible Calamity at Pittsburg.

EXPLOSION AND LOSS OF TWENTY LIVES.—A terrible explosion occurred on Monday week at the machine and marble works of W. W. Wallace, on Liberty street, in Pittsburg. There were about one hundred men at work in the establishment when the steam boiler exploded with terrible effect. The boiler, it appears, in consequence of the force of the explosion, passed through the entire length of the building, reducing a part of it to a heap of ruins, and then struck a clothing store on the opposite side of Liberty street, (one of the widest in the city), killing the proprietor, Mr. Robert Barker, who was standing at the door. His head was nearly taken off. The boiler then passed through the rear wall of the store into G. Schwartz's lager beer hall, which it nearly demolished; and a man, named Wilhofer, who was in the saloon, was killed. The boiler finally landed in the Presbyterian grave-yard, back of the hall, having passed through four solid brick walls, besides tearing a corner out of a house. It was found lying in the grave-yard, apparently but little injured. It was located in the rear of the first story of the building where it exploded; and furnished steam for running all the machinery of the establishment. It was 40 inches in diameter, 22 feet in length, and made of quarter inch iron. It carried 60 pounds of steam to the square inch, and was attended to by a boy. It is believed that the water had been allowed to get too low; and that it had just been turned on when the explosion occurred. The following workmen are among the killed: William Burke, Wm. McMurtry, T. McCutcheon, W. Agnew, James McCutcheon, Thos. M. McCurt, James Lafferty, Wm. McMillan, J. R. Hamilton and Lewis Hutchinson. "Agnew had his head blown off, and presented a truly horrible spectacle. The others were all more or less mangled. Several others were injured.

Accident on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

TWENTY-THREE PERSONS INJURED.—A very serious accident occurred on the Pennsylvania Railroad, on Friday last, by the express train being thrown off the track, in consequence of running over a bull, about sixteen miles from Pittsburg. Three passenger cars were thrown off the track, and went down an embankment of eighteen or twenty feet. The top of one car was torn off from the body. The Dispatch says: "The excitement for a few moments was terrible. The passengers in the wrecked cars were thrown violently from their seats, and piled in a promiscuous heap on the lower side of the cars. The first car turned a complete somersault, striking first on the top, which broke off, and passing clear beyond it; there were fortunately but few persons in it, and they were lying on the inverted top.

It seems almost miraculous that so few were seriously crushed. The passengers in the cars which remained on the track crowded to the assistance of those in the cars turned over, and the latter were speedily extricated through the windows. It was then found that comparatively few were much injured, and out of these but three to any extent. There were about three hundred passengers on the train, 23 of whom were more or less injured—Mr. Stevens, the engineer, fatally, it is feared.

A COUNCILMAN SHOT BY A BULLET GIRL.—Wm. H. Glass, member of the city council in Cincinnati, was shot in the lower jaw and badly wounded, on Sunday week, by Eliza White, a ballet girl, at a confectionery store, on Vine street, in that city. She was arrested, and while on her way to prison, swallowed a dose of laudanum, which came near causing her death. Glass is lying in a dangerous condition, the ball having passed upwards and through the chin, breaking the lower jaw, and come out at the base of the tongue. It is supposed that the wounded man swallowed the ball, as it has not been found. He had, it is alleged, been on intimate terms with the girl, but lately discarded her, and she sought revenge by attempting to kill him and take her own life.

The Unburied Dead of Syria.

Our Syrian correspondent writes that more than ten thousand human bodies still lie upon the side of Mt. Hermon, in full view from the Sea of Galilee and the Mediterranean, upon the Plains of Sidon, the ancient Phœnicia, blackening in the sun, and their blood still cries out to heaven for vengeance. It is an Oriental custom to leave the murdered dead unburied until justice has been satisfied, and although in Syria the effect of the climate upon a dead body requires its burial within twenty-four hours of the departure of the spirit from its earthly tenement, these bodies have remained unburied in a complete state of preservation! In the court-yards of the palaces, in the barracks, and wherever the Christian has fallen, there lies the body now, still awaiting the vengeance of Heaven upon the oppressors and the slayers of the Christians of Mount Lebanon.—*Boston Trav.*

Western Maryland Railroad.

A corps of engineers, under the direction of Mr. Girtz, of Pennsylvania, arrived in Hagerstown on Saturday week, having completed a survey of one of the proposed routes of the Western Maryland railroad from Raven Rock, on the South Mountain, to Hagerstown. The present route is in the immediate vicinity of Smithsburg, Cavetown, and Cheverville.

Shocking Murders and Suicide.

Morrit Stoval, of Middleton, Tenn., killed his wife and four children with an axe on Saturday night, and fittingly ended the terrible tragedy by cutting his throat with a razor, and to make assurance doubly sure, drowned himself. The cause for this horrible deed is thought to be insanity. He seemed to think his family were going to starve, although he was quite able to support them. He has been heard to express himself to the amount that he would rather see them dead than suffer. He had an interesting family, and seemed to love them. He was a man of splendid character, and nothing could make those well acquainted with him believe him guilty of a deed so horrible but the evidence of their own eyes.

THE NUMBER OF BONES FOUND.—The total number of dead bodies recovered from the Lady Elgin disaster, on Lake Michigan, now reaches one hundred and fifty-three. There are doubtless over a hundred more yet to be recovered, many of which will probably never be regained.

The thirty 64 minutes of the Ohio State Prison under sentence for life, one of whom has been confined 24 years.



THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 26, 1860.

The People's Candidates.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

OF MAINE.

PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR,

ANDREW G. CURTIN,

OF Centre County.

FOR CONGRESS,

HON. EDWARD McPHERSON.

County Ticket.

ASSEMBLY,

ROBERT BELL, of Straban.

SHERIFF,

JOHN D. BECKER, of Huntingdon.

PROTHONOTARY,

J. FINLEY BAILEY, of Butler.

REGISTER & RECORDER,

CHARLES X. MARTIN, of Gettysburg.

CLERK OF THE COURTS,

JOHN M. WOLF, of Berwick Bor.

COMMISSIONER,

DAVID SCHIRIVER, of Cumberland.

DIRECTORS OF THE POOR,

MICHAEL TROSTLE, of Mt. Joy, (3 y.)

BENJ. A. MARSHALL, of Ham'n, (2 y.)

AUDITOR,

JOHN E. TANEY, of Mount Pleasant.

Voters of Adams!

Are you prepared for the fight? On next Tuesday you will be called upon to participate in the first great struggle that will place ANDREW G. CURTIN in the gubernatorial chair of our own State, and that still greater effort that will elevate LINCOLN and HAMLIN to the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the Union. Let not the division and wrangling of the factions arrayed against you, cause you to relax one moment in your efforts to achieve a brilliant triumph. While monster mass meetings, torch-light processions, and wide-awake organizations are commendable and productive of great good, remember that it is the quiet, unobtrusive, earnest struggle of the private soldier that in a measure secures the victory.

We look to the young men of our party to see to this. We ask and want your help, influence and co-operation. It will not do to say you have no influence; you can do nothing; this is not so. It was said in approval of one of our old "she beth does what she could." Go thou and do likewise.

Hon. George Chambers.

This venerable and estimable gentleman, who formerly so ably represented this District in Congress, and afterwards Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, is still living at his mansion in Chambersburg, revered by all who know him. Although age has made its mark upon him, after a long and active life of usefulness, his mental powers still remain unimpaired. He is still the sound reasoner, the observant man, and the useful citizen. Every body there loves and respects him; and at the late meeting there, with one voice he was solicited to preside over it. He declined, and his latter doing so we give in the first page of our paper to-day, and we ask every one to read it. It breathes the sentiments of the sage and the patriot.

We would just refer our readers to the eulogy pronounced upon HENRY CLAY, by our candidate for the Presidency, Hon. ABRAHAM LINCOLN, which we publish on our first page to-day. Read those glowing, burning words of eulogy, and then ask yourselves whether the mouth that uttered such melting sentiments, ever raised a voice to "slaughter" the noble "Harry of the West," as the *Compiler*, with its bold effrontery, charged our true-hearted candidate with doing. Read those words of "Honest Abe," and then believe the *Compiler*, if you can.

On Wednesday evening last, one of the Coaches running to town from the Bendersville Fair, heavily loaded inside and on top, was accidentally upset in crossing a breaker, from being too heavy. The horses were instantly checked, and the passengers relieved. A few slight bruises were received by several of the passengers, but none of any consequence except a young man named WARREN, who was somewhat injured, but is going about again. It was a miraculous escape.

The Farm of Mr. ISAAC T. SHIRIVER, in Cumberland township, was sold on Friday last to Mr. GEORGE BUSHMAN, for \$6,000.

Messrs. Singleton Nichols and Eli Myers, Administrators of Abraham King, deceased, have sold the farm of said decedent in Reading township, to Jacob Stouffer, 31 acres for \$5,200; and 4 acres of woodland to John King for \$52 75 per acre.

The Sheriff of Adams county sold on Saturday last, the property of Smith & Reed, in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, to David Kandehart, for \$1,050.

The property of Joseph Day, 4 acres, with improvements, in Huntingdon township, to Mr. Mateer, for \$225.

Hon. Edward McPherson.

It gives us pleasure to say that our accounts render it beyond a doubt that our present member will be re-elected to a post he has so ably and satisfactorily filled, unless our friends in this County should be entirely remiss. This we do not for a moment apprehend; for our gallant young member of Congress has done so much to endear him to his fellow-citizens here, that it would indeed be ungrateful were a vote kept from him by any one.

Where is the favor asked of him, by either political friend or opponent, at Washington, in his official capacity, that he has not promptly attended to? He never made a distinction—and we can appeal to some Democrats for evidence of his promptness and faithfulness. Indeed, we heard one of our Democratic citizens say a day or two ago—"I would be ungrateful did I not vote for Mr. McPHERSON, for he has exerted himself more for me than any of my own party ever did." Now this feeling is a beautiful one—that of reciprocity of kindly feeling and action—we admire it in any man, woman or child.

And Mr. McPHERSON's action has not been confined to individuals. He does all in his power for the convenience of the public. He it was that obtained for us two mails a day to Baltimore, which is a very great convenience, and many have already seen its benefits. He also obtained additional mail facilities to all the northern part of the County—giving them mails three times a week instead of two—which is a very great accommodation to that whole community. We and they feel all these things; and it would be wrong for us not to appreciate them.

There is another beautiful trait in Mr. McPHERSON's action, showing the interest he takes in the education of youth. He some time since purchased a scholarship in Pennsylvania College, and gave to the Directors of the Public Schools the privilege of a full course in the College (six years) for that scholar they might deem most worthy, and best qualified, whose parents were too limited in means to educate him. This was a noble and generous act on the part of Mr. McPHERSON.

Now all these acts are known and appreciated by his fellow-citizens, and will have their effect upon men of all parties. Mr. SOULEL may be a very worthy man—we say not against him—but he is not with us—he is not amongst us—he knows not our wants, and of course, his own County, naturally, has all his thoughts and feelings. Mr. McPHERSON is one of us—he knows what we want—and his time and his talents are always at the command of political friend and opponent. Our Democratic brethren know this, and many will give him their support.

The *Compiler* challenges us to give the name of the "active Democrat" of the borough, who has avowed himself for Lincoln and Hamlin. We will gratify him. The individual is SAMUEL J. VANDER-SLOOT, Esq., a lawyer of this place, who made many a speech at their Democratic meetings in the County in years past, and was then greatly energized by the *Compiler*—but who is now decided in his support of Lincoln. Are you satisfied now, friend *Compiler*, that we are not "trying to humbug"—we have "fired the music." Mr. VANDER-SLOOT is of age, and can speak for himself—ask of him any more questions you desire in the matter.

More Changes.

Within two weeks past, two promising young lawyers of Chambersburg have left the Democratic party. One is D. WATSON ROWE, Esq., son of JOHN ROWE, Esq., last year the Democratic candidate for Surveyor General; and the other is W. S. EVERETT-BRYCE. Both are men of ability, character and promise. Mr. ROWE made two or three speeches in this County last fall—one at Heidlersburg, if we remember correctly.

The *Compiler* does not allege that Mr. STERNMAN did not appear in a card and state that he knew nothing of the contents of the "Helper Book," when he signed the endorsement carelessly. He says that such was the fact. Now, of course, he must exonerate Mr. McPHERSON from all connection with that affair. That story is exploded. We have no occasion, therefore, to "make any allusion to it"—as the *Compiler* acknowledges all we asserted—and Mr. McPHERSON needs no RELIEF in the matter.

It is very gratifying to us to know that there are members of the Democratic party who are so impressed with what is due to worth and reputation, as to throw their votes for our member of Congress, Mr. McPHERSON. We have met them, and must remark that they deserve credit for their independence. There is so much about him to recommend—a townsman—a young man of talent and of high character, and of so much efficiency at Washington—that they feel they should do as their own better feelings dictate, irrespective of party. They feel a pride of County, although he may differ from them in some things. He is worthy of all they can do for him.

There was an immense mass meeting of the People's Party at Reading on Thursday last. "Alter Berks" is right side up this time.

Mr. Lowe's balloon, in which he was about to start for Europe, burst again at Philadelphia on Saturday last. He appears to be very unfortunate.

The Democratic Meeting at Gettysburg.

The most amusing thing of the campaign is the account, in the last *Compiler*, of the "large and enthusiastic meeting of the Democracy in Gettysburg," on Friday last, surrounded by an Eagle, large type, &c. &c. We rarely have seen anything so completely ridiculous.

It says "the central part of town was alive with our country friends," and the flood was "swelled with the Hamiltonian and Marshereek delegations," and there was "a perfect furor." "A large and tasteful stand" was erected, and E. B. Buehler, Esq., Dr. D. S. Peffer, J. C. Neely and W. A. Duncan, Esquires, addressed the meeting "in a most able and effective manner, holding the crowd until a late hour;" that it was "one of the largest evening meetings ever held in this place, and surpassed the People's Convention two to one."

Now—in any one who observed the display, this statement must excite a laugh. It is well known, by actual computation, that in the delegation with "forests of hickories," there were not sixty voters, and that around the stand, during the speaking, there were not exceeding fifty Democratic voters. Where the balance of the immense crowd was we cannot say—we only speak from personal observation in the Square.

Mr. BUEHLER (Edward B.) led off—He recited very well his stereotyped speech about the U S Bank, the Sub-Treasury, and the Tariff. The first he *huffed* again—the second he *enjoyed* again—and as to the latter, he remarked that "a Protective Tariff was a humbug." Further than this, we are not posted.

We were followed by Dr. PEFFER, of Abbotstown, in a long-winded speech, which was protracted to the disgust of his friends, and was not at all edifying to any who had the patience to listen to his *rymalole* of "matters and things"—it was, indeed, a queer compound. He continued his tiresome harangue, until his friends of the Democratic Band were chilled, and, as one of them remarked to us, "he never was so tired in all his life."

He finally "got through," and was succeeded by our young neighbor, J. CASSAT NEELY, Esq., who evidently had his thoughts and feelings *chilled* by the long delay, and could not make so "effective" a speech as he might have done under other circumstances—the few Democrats thumping off, and the Hamiltonian Marshal drawing off those few of his delegation that remained.

Our friend, WM. A. DUNCAN, Esq., came to his relief—and the "effective" speech he made was—that he thought enough of speeches had been *inflected* upon the crowd, and moved an ADJOURNMENT. This was the prettiest and most "relieving" part of the "great demonstration." Thus ended the "Grand Fizzle."

The account the *Compiler* gives of it only provokes laughter.

Gettysburg Wide Awakes.

On Monday evening last, a meeting was held at the Blue's Hall, to take measures for the organization of a "Wide Awake" Club. J. McCONAUGHY, Esq., was chosen temporary Chairman, and CHAS. J. TYSON Secretary. Capt. C. H. BUEHLER stated the object of the meeting in a short but pointed address. He was followed by J. McCONAUGHY, Esq., who dwelt for a considerable length of time upon the characteristics of "Wide Awakes" in general, and the practicability and propriety of organizing such a Club in Gettysburg. D. A. BUEHLER, Esq., and SAMUEL J. VANDER-SLOOT, Esq., followed with remarks of a similar nature. The speaking was received with long and continued applause. From the inclemency of the weather, and the want of music on the occasion, a small attendance was expected; but in this all were agreeably disappointed. Twenty-five persons came forward and put down their names to join the Club, at once, and immediately went into the election of officers, which resulted as follows:

President, Henry Comfort; Vice-President, Wm. T. King; Secretary, R. A. Lytle; Treasurer, D. A. Buehler. Captain, C. H. Buehler; First Lieutenant, James Adair; Second Lieutenant, Chas. J. Tyson.

The result of the election was announced amid a tremendous burst of applause. A committee was appointed to procure uniforms immediately. The Club adjourned with "three times three"—and having formed themselves into a line, received the first lesson in the drill of the Association.

Additional Meeting.

The Wide Awake Club met again last evening, in the Blues' Hall. The minutes of the previous meetings were read, and various Committees reported. Upon invitation, SAMUEL J. VANDER-SLOOT, Esq., addressed the meeting. A drill was then had, after which the meeting adjourned to meet again at 7 o'clock this evening. Great enthusiasm prevailed, and the Club Roll was more than doubled in number.

A Reminiscence.—We have been informed that GEO. ARNOTT has disposed of nearly all his old stock of dress goods, and is just from the City with a new stock of Ladies Dress Goods generally, which he will open for the inspection of the fair sex this week, and having secured the services of W. T. KIRK, who, as a tailor, has no superior, he will be able to supply Gentlemen with all and every thing they may want in the way of coats, pants and vests. His old friends will find him at the old stand, on the corner, always ready and willing to accommodate.

Meetings of the People!

There will be a meeting this (Wednesday) evening, at Mechanicsville (BRAGTOWN), which will be addressed by Hon. E. McPHERSON and others.

There will also be a meeting of the LINCOLN & HAMLIN CLUB of Y. Springs District, in Petersburg, (Y. S.) on Saturday Evening next, to be addressed by JAS. B. KING and S. J. VANDER-SLOOT, Esq.

Bendersville Fair.

This interesting Agricultural Exhibition has come and gone. It had been feared that it could not, from its locality, being, as it were, on one side of the County, attract much general attention; but every one was most agreeably disappointed: it was a complete success. The whole arrangement was fine, and admirably calculated to subserve the purposes intended. When the enclosure caught our eye on Wednesday, we could not, as did those with us, but commend the enterprise of all those energetic men who had commenced and carried into full and successful operation the first Agricultural Fair of Adams county. Every thing was there that ought to be there; and we were surprised that all the minutiae which are necessary on such occasions were not neglected. The display of Ladies' work was indeed beautiful, eliciting universal praise—whilst the splendid vegetables, fruit, preserves, jellies, &c. made the "mouth-water." It was a clear evidence that Mellen is a country where there is no famine of "good things." The stock was fine; and the horses were not slow-coers, as their speed and beautiful movement indicated. The number of persons on the ground, on Wednesday, has been estimated at from 3 to 5,000—we have rarely seen a larger concourse of people assembled in the country. There was perfect order—not an angry word, not a profane one, met our ear during the day. This speaks well for such a crowd. On Thursday, Mr. McPHERSON delivered an interesting Address at the close of the Fair, which is spoken of as a very able one. We had hoped to be furnished with a list of the premiums awarded, in time for our paper to-day—but they have not been.

The *Compiler* is very CUTE. He thinks he can get out of the little article we wrote last week, (in reply to his, that he had *ridiculed* Mr. LINCOLN as a "rail-splitter," and that being a poor recommendation for a President,) quoting his own words about Mr. SCHULTZ, that he, too, was a poor boy, earning his living, &c.—and wants to "twist" out of the tight place he is in—

We never saw that paper having half the trouble it has now to get along with its electrifying "fibs"—they will not FLY AT ALL. The fact is—we do not believe he looks what he publishes the week before—he goes on at hup-lazard—belter-skelter; and the result of the election will show him that a straight-forward honest course is always the best policy.

He says that LINCOLN being a poor man, and making his living as a farm-hand, splitting rails, and doing every thing that men in that situation have to do, is no recommendation to the Presidency. We agree with him there; but we do say, that a man, who, by his natural talent, industry, and upright and unimpeachable character, has raised himself from obscurity, first to the bar, then to the Legislature of Illinois, then to Congress, and now is the candidate of the great party of the People for President of the United States, is a noble man, and worthy the support of any upright, honest citizen of this broad land of ours.—Such a man is ABRAHAM LINCOLN! Well did Pope say—

"An honest man's the noblest work of God."

Mr. Schell and Extra Pay!

Remember, voters of Adams county, that Wm. P. Schell voted for the bill increasing his pay from \$500 to \$700. That had he voted against the bill, it would have been defeated. That he has received by his own vote, \$200 a year, amounting to \$600 in his three years' term. That this vote of Schell's costs the State, every year, the sum of \$26,000, that ought now to be going toward the payment of the State Debt. Might he not, should he be elected to Congress, consider his services of so much importance, like in the Legislature, that he would again vote for giving himself *extra pay*!

Keep it Before the People!

That every vote cast for Henry D. Foster, at the State Election, is a vote to sustain and endorse the present wretched National Administration!

That every vote cast for Henry D. Foster, is a vote in favor of the spread of Human Slavery!

That every vote cast for Henry D. Foster, is a vote against the Homestead Bill!

That every vote cast for Henry D. Foster, is a vote against the Protection of American Industry!

That every vote cast for Henry D. Foster, is a vote approving of the robberies which have been committed during the past three or four years by Buchanan and his coadjutors upon the public Treasury!

That every vote cast for Henry D. Foster, is a vote endorsing the Dred Scott decision which says that the Constitution carries Slavery into every Territory of this Union!

Freemen, remember these things when you come to deposit your ballots.

Gov. Packer, Mr. Schell, and the Compiler.

The Democratic State Convention of 1850, by a vote of yeas 37 to nays 36, refused to endorse Gov. Packer's administration on account of his having signed the bill to sell the State Canals to the Sunbury and Erie Railroad Company. HENRY J. STAHL and HENRY J. MYERS were the Adams county members of the Convention. Both voted against the Resolution. And the editor of the *Compiler*, in his paper of April 11, 1859, gave this reason for his vote:

"When the editor of the *Compiler* became possessed of the facts in regard to Gov. Packer's connection with the Sunbury and Erie swindle, as they were exposed in the Convention by Mr. Moughan, he 'did not for a moment hesitate to vote against the resolution proposing to endorse that functionary. The fraud referred to, 'was shown to be quite enough to condemn him, and we voted in accordance with such conviction.'"

Elsewhere, he denounced Gov. Packer as "faithless in his official performances, deserving and receiving rebuke from his party." He quoted articles from newspapers, denouncing Gov. Packer in the most violent manner; and in his paper of April 4, he speaks of Gov. Packer being in an "immoral atmosphere," surrounded by "suspicious circumstances," &c. &c.

Now just look at the action of the *Compiler*. He is now sustaining Mr. SCHULTZ for Congress, whose course on the Sunbury and Erie Railroad was in precise conformity with Gov. Packer's, whom the editor of the *Compiler* condemned over and over again for his action in that matter, and deemed unworthy of support! Last week, we made a statement of Mr. SCHULTZ's votes, taken from the official records, and they CANNOT BE DENIED. Now can the honest voters of Adams county follow the *Compiler* in its DOGGES—at one time denouncing a public measure and its advocates, and at another applauding the men most actively identified with it?

Mr. McPherson and the Compiler.

The Editor of the *Compiler*, and his correspondents, have been very bitter against Mr. McPHERSON, and appear to stop at nothing to injure and vilify him. With facts, and the strongest evidence thereof, staring them in the face, they still persist in making charges or the most false and ungentlemanly kind.

For example, in the last issue of that paper, we find an article speaking of Mr. McPHERSON, saying:

"During the session we find him voting on all occasions with the most ultra of the Black Republicans. Looking upon that class of politicians as dangerous, because sectional in all their aims, I cannot give countenance to one who spurs us on to affiliate with them."

Now, just mark "how plain a tale will put him down." We will condemn the Editor of the *Compiler* from his own mouth. In the *Compiler* of April 2, 1860, (and we wish those persons who have a copy of that day's issue, to refer to it for evidence), an article appears, speaking of the action of the Republican party, and quoting a resolution offered by Mr. Blake, of Ohio, in the House of Representatives of the U. States, (which is published at length in the *Compiler*) instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to "inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill giving freedom to every human being, and interdicting Slavery wherever Congress has the Constitutional power to legislate on that subject"—which that paper says was defeated by a vote of 60 yeas to 100 nays—"From the Pennsylvania delegation (says the *Compiler*, and we suppose it is authority in its own case), Messrs. Grow, Hale and Stewart voted in the affirmative, while Messrs. Campbell, Florence, Hickman, McKnight, McPHERSON, Millward, Montgomery, Morris, Schwartz and Seranton voted in the negative!" Now here is authority from the *Compiler* itself, that what it said last week about Mr. McPHERSON—that he voted on all occasions with the most ultra of the Black Republicans—was *NOT TRUE*. What confidence can be placed in a journal which so base-facely falsifies its own record?

WM. H. DILL, a graduate of Pennsylvania College, and son of Rev. H. G. Dill, of this place, has been appointed Professor of Ancient Languages and History in the Dickinson Male and Female Seminary, a very flourishing Institution located at Williamsport, in this State—which numbered on its roll for the past year 311 students. He is a very worthy young man, and will well fill the responsible position.

Late and Important from Europe.

An arrival at New York on Monday brings intelligence that the French troops stationed at Rome for the protection of the Pope, had marched out to meet Garibaldi's army on its invasion of the States of the Church, and had met with a disastrous defeat. The Sardinians have taken a number of places in the Roman Territory, and Garibaldi is raising an army of 150,000 men and a navy of 500 vessels. It was rumored that the Pope had fled but the report is not confirmed.

Execution and Burial of Walker.

The British war steamer *Gladstone* brings to New Orleans some further accounts respecting Walker's fate. Ten shots were fired at him, amid the cheers of the natives, who afterwards refused to bury him, leaving that duty to foreigners. Col. Rudler has been sentenced to four years' imprisonment. The remains of Walker's army reached New Orleans on Friday, having come on board the *Gladstone*.

SPRIT GOING.—Two steamers sail from New York, on Saturday last, for Liverpool, with nearly \$700,000 in specie.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Mr. HARPER.—A few weeks ago I published a card in the "Star and Banner," in which I stated that a brother of SAM. WOLF "struck HENRY SPEER over the ear with an umbrella, and SAM. WOLF struck Mr. SPEER with a stone, and knocked him down." The circumstances attending it were these:—Myself and JOHN PRILEAK went to Pigeon Hills and brought into town a man by the name of WOLF (who was an Old-blue Whig), to vote. SAM. WOLF came to the wagon and attempted to take him out, telling him not to vote our ticket. We interfered, and then the difficulty commenced. The doctrine of SAM. WOLF is "Rule or Ruin," and I want the members of the People's Party in Adams county to ponder well before any of them will vote for a man that has done an injury to a fellow member of our party. The above happened at the election held in the Fall of 1859.

EDWARD H. STAHL.

We have received a communication from Abbotstown, signed a "Wide Awake," which makes some heavy personal charges against Mr. WOLF, the Democratic candidate for Sheriff. We do not think they are of such a character as to be published in the "Sentinel," and they must, therefore, be declined. We presume they are true—but we do not think we should be justified in placing them in our columns, as they are of a private nature. There is one paragraph, however, we will give. It is as follows:

"SAM. WOLF has said that he would never vote for a Catholic, and I dare him to deny it, and still he puts on a long face, and asks them to support him."

A WIDE AWAKE.

The Prince of Wales was to arrive at Harrisburg last night, and will leave there at 9! this morning, on the Northern Central, for Baltimore and Washington. So that we will have a "live Prince" as near as the Junction to-day.

We cannot imagine how any opponent of the present corrupt Administration, residing in Pennsylvania, who really desires a change in the management of the affairs of the country, can vote for Bell and Everett, excellent men as they are, when they must know that they have no chance at all in the State; and that every vote thrown for them is so much in favor of Breckenridge or Douglas. The matter is too plain for argument. We ask such men, if any there are, who read this paragraph, to read the able letter of the venerable Judge CHAMBERS, on our first page to-day. He was our respected and talented Representative in Congress some years ago, and was afterwards Judge of the Supreme Court. His letter is full of words of wisdom.

